TRANSMISSIBLE SPONGIFORM ENCEPHALOPATHIES

General Overview

- A. Copy of State Regulations Pertaining to Scrapie and Ability to Respond to BSE or CWD (captive cervids)
- B. Efforts to Educate Practitioners and Producers on Current Information Regarding TSEs
 - 1. Small animal accredited vets Feline Spongiform Encephalopathy
 - 2. Zoo and Wildlife practitioners Chronic Wasting Disease; TSEs of Exotic Ruminants
- C. Efforts to keep AVIC and field up to date on current knowledge and research on TSEs
- D. Rendering Policies on sheep, cervids, and adult cattle condemned for CNS disease

II. Scrapie

- A. Scrapie Flock Certification Program
 - 1. Certification board in place and meets with regularity
 - 2. Promotion of program within the industry
 - 3. Log of identification assignments
 - 4. Protocol for processing applications in place
 - a) Standards as required by the guidelines for entry into program met before approval
 - b) Applications processed in a timely manner
 - 5. Inspections conducted in accordance with program guidelines
 - 6. Records maintained in Area Office to monitor flock levels
 - 7. Appeals process in place
 - 8. Number of flocks enrolled in program and at what levels
 - a) Complete monitor enrolled
 - b) Complete monitored certified
 - c) Selective monitored
 - d) Application pending
 - 9. Change of flock status transmitted to the national level within 24 hours

B. Scrapie Infection

- 1. Reportable disease under state regulation
- 2. Are accredited vets aware that scrapie is reportable under 9 CFR parts 161, 71 and 79?
- 3. Samples submitted in accordance with guidelines
- 4. Diagnosis by lab other than NVSL? If so, are suspects or inconclusives submitted for supplemental tests?
- 5. Quarantinable disease under state regulation
- 6. Epidemiologic investigation conducted in accordance with 9 CFR Parts 54 and 79
- 7. Notification of other producers and states about movement of high risk animals and tracebacks to flocks of origin

- 8. Flock Plans in place
- 9. Monitoring movements of high risk animals
- 10. Violations of 9 CFR Parts 71 and 79 investigated and pursued
- 11. Records maintained Automated (SIS or other)
 - a) Number of scrapie infected flocks
 - b) Number of scrapie source flocks
 - c) Number of scrapie trace flocks
- 12. Change of status transmitted to national level within 24 hours
- 13. Records of infected animals sent to CEAH
- C. Responds to national requests for research samples
- III. Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy
 - A. Surveillance
 - 1. Samples submitted
 - a) Neurological field cases
 - b) Rabies negative from public health labs
 - c) Submissions from VDLs, vet schools, etc.
 - d) Downer cows (if applicable)
 - e) FSIS antemortem condemns
 - f) Other
 - 2. Adult CNS cases at slaughter and in field conducted as FADs
 - 3. Samples submitted in accordance with VS Memorandum 580.16 (June 11, 1997)
 - a) 10-4s
 - b) 12-27s
 - 4. Submission of VDL data to NVSL
 - 5. Adequate monitoring or imports from countries known to have BSE
 - 6. Liaison with FSIS, Public Health, VDLs, practitioners, industry, etc.
 - B. Prevention
 - 1. Carcasses of CNS condemns kept out of rendering (developing)
 - 2. Education of industry about FDA feed rule
 - 3. Knowledge of Import Regulations

<u>REFERENCES</u> Description

I. General Overview

- VS Videos on the clinical signs of Scrapie and the necropsy procedure
- VS Video on Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy
- VS Fact Sheets
- · Research material distributed to field

BSE, Scrapie, CWD, TME

II. Scrapie

- Regional and Area Policy Letters
- 9 CFR parts 54, 71, 79 and 161
- Scrapie Flock Certification Guidelines
- VS Memorandum 557.2

December 1997

July 14, 1995 - Scrapie Reports

III. Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy

- Regional and Area Policy Letters
- 9 CFR parts 94, 95 and 96
- VS Memorandum 580.16
- 21 CFR Part 589

June 11, 1997 - Procedures for investigation of Adult Cattle with Clinical Signs of CNS Disease